

First Nations Education Steering Committee

British Columbia Education Student Information System (BCeSIS)

BUSINESS PLAN

October 2005 First Nations Education Steering Committee:

Business Plan

1. Project Overview

This business plan outlines the implementation of the British Columbia electronic Student Information System (BCeSIS) in member schools of the First Nations Schools Association

2. Background to Project

First Nations schools in British Columbia (BC) manage student information in a variety of ways depending on administrative and technological capacity, school size and access to systems. Student information can be characterized as being any or all information which pertains to a student's profile including personal information which impacts on the student's education. Typically student information includes records of attendance, achievement, special needs, contact details, relevant parental information and medical information. Student information is also used to track academic progression and grade transition and is sometimes used to assist with student report writing. Current student information systems in use in First Nations schools include Report Writer, Open Source, ESCAN and HARTS. More commonly paper files are used to collate and retain student data.

In 2003, the BC Ministry of Education distributed a Request for Proposals for a comprehensive common student information system which could be utilized as a single source database in school districts throughout BC. The selected database was the British Columbia (BC) electronic Student Information System (BCeSIS), a product designed by an Ontario based technology company, providing access to a central student registry and permanent student record. Once implemented it is expected that the new system will provide a significant enhancement to current administrative procedures and provide in depth reporting capability. BCeSIS utilizes state of the art technology which allows the data to be stored in a central database with access to the data through a web front-end interface. This allows each component to be managed separately and by separate parties if need be. From a First Nations schools perspective this means First Nations schools do not have to concern themselves with any of the technical back-end database or application components – they only have to ensure that users have connection to the internet and a Browser.

In 2004/2005 the BC Ministry of Education began its implementation of BCeSIS in school districts throughout BC. The implementation has been met with varying degrees of success depending on the student information systems that were historically in use in

¹ Cowichan Valley School District 79 BCeSIS Planning and Implementation Report – Page 4

the school district, the school district size and the administrative resources available within the school district

One important issue for First Nations education is the matter of transition for First Nations students between grade levels and between band schools and provincial schools. Commonly when First Nations students make the transition between a federally funded school located on reserve and a provincial school, the complete set of information pertaining to that student and his/her academic and personal history does not always follow that student. This also means that students sometimes cannot be traced and CAN seem to 'disappear' from official records

Implementing effective data gathering systems regarding education has been a priority for BC First Nations for a number of years. In 2004, the FNSA implemented the School Measures and Data Collection project. A data collection instrument, formulated by First Nations, was distributed to First Nations schools and was completed by 35 schools representing 41% of the student population in First Nations schools in BC. The results of the survey were mixed, but demonstrated how accurate data may negate the misconceptions concerning First Nations schools, First Nations parents and First Nations students. Having a strong belief in the ability of data to inform and prioritize activity and influence policy, the FNSA board agreed that the BCeSIS system would be an extremely beneficial system to implement in First Nations schools.

The benefit of the BCeSIS is twofold in that it will provide a common information system which could more easily facilitate the transfer of student data between First Nations schools and provincial schools. It will also provide a comprehensive common student information data system which could improve the efficiency and method of data collection practices within First Nations schools. The protocols surrounding the exchange of information between First Nations schools and provincial schools have yet to be determined but would always be respectful of the privacy of the student and his/her parents.

It is also hoped that the implementation of BCeSIS could streamline various reporting practices such as the aforementioned FNSA Data Collection project, funding management and reporting.

3. BCeSIS Benefits for First Nations Schools

BCeSIS has many features and benefits that will be advantageous to First Nations schools and their student population. The following is a summary of those benefits;

- The system creates a common information platform throughout the province. This
 will allow for appropriate comparison and analysis of educational trends on a
 province wide basis.
- The design of the system allows for extensive standard and ad hoc reporting. This will allow First Nations to produce detailed reports, which will lead to increased accountability and more detailed student performance information.

- The architecture of the software moves the most tedious and technical aspects of this type of application to a centralized area and will allow the First Nation school to focus its resources and attention on the information that is provided through the system.
- The 'common' system also allows for easy movement of students from school to school within the local school district and from within participating BC districts.
- The 'common' system highly simplifies software maintenance, upgrade and training by creating economies of scale.
- The 'common' system will allow for unencumbered movement of staff between First Nations schools and provincial schools because they only have to learn one system. Training for the current and future versions will be consistent and easy to deliver across all schools.
- The BCeSIS is cost effective. The annual license and maintenance fee is charged on a FTE basis and therefore scales automatically as enrolment changes.
- The modern architecture allows for the elimination of many of the costly and tedious peripheral software packages and also allows for easy integration of peripheral packages that are still required.²

4. What Represents Success for First Nations Schools regarding BCeSIS?

The successful implementation of the BCeSIS system within First Nations schools will be signified by the following Key Performance Indicators (KPI's). These KPI's will measure the success of the project during the implementation and once implementation is complete. The project is split into two phases. Phase 1 is concerned with the successful transfer of existing data into BCeSIS and building capacity at a school level to enable First Nations schools to manage the system. Phase 2 of the project will be to review BCeSIS and identify ways in which it can be enhanced so that it can meet some of the unique needs and requirements of First Nations schools and their students.

PHASE ONE

1. The approval of the BCeSIS business plan by the FNSA board.

- 2. Signing the Memorandum of Understanding with the Ministry of Education.
- 3. The recruitment and appointment of a BCeSIS project Manager.
- 4. The approval of selected First Nations schools for the implementation process.
- 5. Successful training of two FNESC/FNSA T3 Trainers³ and/or access to school district/Independent School trainers.
- 6. Successful training in BCeSIS for administrative/resource staff within First Nations schools.
- 7. Successful conversion or transfer of data from existing systems to the BCeSIS, as required.
- 8. Efficient and effective service delivery from the Level 1, 2 and 3 helpdesks.

² Cowichan Valley School District 79 BCeSIS Planning and Implementation Report – Page 5 (adapted)

³ T3 trainers have completed the three levels of training and have the ability and knowledge to train staff resources on how to use the system and on all of its functionality

- 9. Comprehensive and complete communications regarding BCeSIS to participating First Nations schools and the wider FNSA and FNESC.
- 10. Effective and efficient use of BCeSIS within First Nations schools (measured through regular system performance evaluations with key stakeholders at the school).
- 11. Implementation of a reporting mechanism to measure the success of the improvement in effective transfer of information between federally funded schools on reserve and provincial schools (Ministry and FNESC).

PHASE TWO

- 1. FNSA approval granted for research into priorities for program enhancement.
- 2. The review of the BCeSIS system and potential enhancements to meet the specific needs of First Nations schools. (Data Collection, Project Management, Club Membership).
- 3. Approval from the Ministry of Education to enhance the system to meet the specific needs of First Nations schools.
- 4. Successful training of school administrative/resource and FNSA/FNESC staff on the enhancements to BCeSIS.

5. Communication

Throughout the BCeSIS project, it will be imperative to communicate the milestones and KPI's outlined in this business plan. It will be the role of the Project Manager to work with the FNESC Communications Officer and FNSA support staff to ensure that participating schools and all member schools are being informed of the progress and success of this project. Key communication mechanisms will be through FNSA/FNESC board updates, newsletters (Education Partners/FNESC/FNSA), websites and email distribution lists. A listsery will be set up as an internal support network for those schools who participate in this project.

6. Support from and Concerns of Partners

This project requires the support of our Education Partners, in particular the Ministry of Education and the BC Principals and Vice-Principals Association. It will be important for First Nations schools to be able to link with their local school districts to ensure that there is regional support regarding BCeSIS. It will be imperative for the First Nations schools and provincial schools to work together to ensure that the protocols for information exchange, as outlined by the Ministry of Education and the FNSA/FNESC are effective at the school level. The FNESC and the FNSA look to the Ministry of Education for support and guidance in this project with particular regard to shared services i.e. T3 Trainers and Helpdesk services.

7. Project Management and Governance

The BCeSIS project will be managed by the FNSA through its administrative agreement with FNESC. FNESC will recruit, appoint and manage the Project Manager who is tasked with the implementation and support of this project. The Project Manager will be accountable for reporting out to the SchoolNet Coordinator (Contract Manager) who will report to the boards. The funding for the recruitment of the Project Manager, communications and some database analysis has been provided by Indian and Northern Affairs Canada (INAC). At the outset, the annual fee of \$20 per student, charged by the Ministry of Education, will be met by the First Nations SchoolNet program. The Project Manager will also be assisted by an implementation team, made up of FNSA board members or representation of FNSA member schools⁴. This group will become a steering group for the project and will communicate with their respective schools and regions on the successes and challenges of the project. They will also, as frontline practitioners, inform the process from the perspective of an end user.

Governance is a model of how FNESC as an organization will set up the decision making process regarding BCeSIS. The model will outline the responsibilities for all members of the project such as school representatives and the executive team regarding such items as approving expenses and contracts, setting wages of additional staff, if required, scheduling times for implementation, determining fee structures (if any) and interacting with the BCeSIS team at the ministry level.

8. Database Ownership, Control, Access and Security

The data which is input into BCeSIS remains in the ownership of the individual First Nations School. The system is set up with multi-level password access so that access to individual student data is restricted. This security system is to ensure that access is limited to only those staff members who are authorized to view the information. For example, a Principal may have a higher access level than an individual classroom teacher, whose access may be restricted to members of his/her class and then, only to a subset of the information pertaining to the student. An administrator may have only limited access to information in the system such as absenteeism or tardiness. BCeSIS has been selected by the Ministry of Education for its robust security. It is hoped that in Phase 2 of the project that First Nations schools will allow FNESC and the FNSA to access some of the high level, anonymized data which could better inform policy and practice at a collective level.

9. Existing Databases

The Ministry of Education has advised that it has been rare that school districts have converted their existing data collection systems to BCeSIS. Such a conversion would involve the creation of an interface program to translate the data from one program to the other. This interface program would vary depending on the type of Student Information System the school had in place. Instead school districts have opted to input existing data manually which has proven to be a successful approach. Given the relatively small size of many First Nations schools this is the recommended course of action for this project. This

⁴ Lillian Morton, Victor Jim and Len Merriman will form the BCeSIS Steering Committee

option is more simple and 'cleaner' but does require sufficient administrative resources within the school. The Project Manager will be tasked with making recommendations for each pilot school as to whether data conversion or data entry is preferred.

10. Scope of Project

The proposed project described in this Business Plan is envisioned as part of a larger set of activities directed towards improving the quality of information management in First Nations schools on their students. These activities are directed towards improving the tracking of transition by students from First Nations schools to provincial schools, providing better high level collective data around key performance indicators like attendance, transition, achievement, etc, and ultimately using BCeSIS to capture data specific to First Nations schools and streamlining reporting on program management i.e. New Paths or SchoolNet.

Possible future related activities include:

- First Nations schools providing high level anonymized data regarding some key performance measures identified by the FNSA. (Data Collection and School Measures)
- Enhancement of BCeSIS to incorporate funding proposal capability and reporting capacity. (New Paths/SchoolNet)
- The ability to capture club membership, for example, students who are members of the Seventh Generation Club and to measure whether the club is having an impact on attendance and retention of club members as opposed to those students who are not club members.

11. Protection of Privacy

Due to the sensitive nature of student information, the BCeSIS architecture has been framed so that there is the highest level of security. The Project Manager, with input from the Steering Committee will be tasked with assigning each user to an appropriate user group. The user group will determine how much access that user will have to information in the system. The assignment to user groups should be reviewed following implementation to ensure that they are appropriate and allow users the appropriate level of access they require to perform their functions within the school. FNESC/FNSA will require the Project Manager to recommend some policy around security of the system which would encompass such items as length of passwords , expiry of passwords, what happens to passwords when an employee leaves, recording of passwords etc.

12. Cost Estimates and Sources of Funding

The cost of the BCeSIS implementation for 2005/2006 is outlined below (included is the funding source).

Annual Fee per FTE student \$38,200 (\$20 per student)

Project Manager (includes travel) \$50,000

Communications \$10,000 Database Development \$25,000 **TOTAL** \$123,200

13. Implementation Plan

Pilot Project

It has been recommended to the FNSA that they should proceed with a sample of pilot schools. This sample group will allow FNESC and the FNSA to gain an understanding of the technical conversion and business change issues that will be encountered during implementation. Once the implementation has been undertaken with the pilot group, then it will allow more efficient and comprehensive roll out of BCeSIS to remaining First Nations schools.

First Nations Schools

A call for proposals went out to First Nations schools in August 2005. 24 schools expressed an interest in being involved in the implementation of BCeSIS. These schools reported student numbers of between 14 FTE students to 320 FTE students. The total number of students in schools which submitted a proposal is 1909. The First Nations schools who have applied to be pilot schools sit in 16 different BC provincial school districts. Five schools which have applied to be pilot schools also have Independent school status. Student Information Systems in use in these schools included paper files, Access, Excel and Turbo School. Once the Project Manager is appointed the number of schools which can take part in the implementation will be determined. It is hoped that all schools who applied to participate will be able to do so.

The Project Manager

It was identified early on, that a project of this size would require expert management by a person with experience in both project management, database analysis and systems implementation. FNESC/FNSA does not have sufficient staff resources to meet the demands of this project and so it is proposed that a contractor is appointed to manage this project until completion. This Project Manager would be tasked with meeting the accountabilities outlined in the Statement of Work⁶ and would report to the SchoolNet Coordinator. FNESC has been in discussion with Andrew Smit, who was contracted by the Independent Schools Association (ISA) to assist in the BCeSIS implementation within Independent Schools in BC. His skill set and experience with BCeSIS could prove invaluable to the FNSA BCeSIS project and we would recommend considering him for the role of Project Manager for FNSA/FNESC. The Project Manager would work closely with the BCeSIS Steering Committee.

Training

_

⁵ A full list of schools is outlined in Appendix A which includes reference to their local school district.

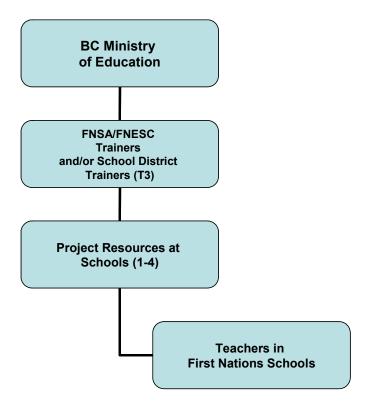
⁶ Appendix B outlines the Statement of Work for the BCeSIS Project Manager

The training for BCeSIS is integral to the success of this project. The Ministry of Education has a training matrix in place which establishes protocols for different levels of trainers depending on their role within the school district. It is imperative that a participating school have adequate and appropriate human resources within the school to ensure that the data is properly transferred, that the system is properly implemented, can be used effectively and efficiently and can train other staff how to use and access the system.

The Ministry of Education has offered to train two T3 Trainers for the FNESC/FNSA. Additional T3 trainers could be trained at a cost to the FNSA. Additional training credits can be purchased from the Ministry at a cost of \$25 each. The training credits required to train to a T3 level are 176 credits. Given the difficulty that is anticipated around the selection and remuneration of two T3 trainers for FNESC/FNSA, FNESC/FNSA is keen to access the T3 trainers already in place in the school districts and also in the ISA. This training capacity is already in place as in many school districts training has already been completed. It would also be of mutual benefit for First Nations schools and Provincial school districts to work together to build capacity in this area. This is in line with the mandate of the BC Education Partners group and has already been approved, in principle, by the Ministry as a feasible means by which it can offer support to First Nations schools for this project.

The BCeSIS training process is established by the Ministry and has been developed to reflect the specific needs of BC schools. The objective of the training is to provide a number of training 'experts' within school districts, who have a comprehensive knowledge of BCeSIS and its functionality, who would in turn develop local expertise within schools. This is the framework which is recommended for First Nations schools but as noted above, hopefully with access to established T3 trainers within provincial and independent schools.

BCeSIS Training Flowchart



Data Conversion & Software Implementation Strategy

The technical aspects of the project includes the following areas of accountability for the Project Manager;

- 1. Perform a 'systems' walk through at all pilot schools and document key business processes that will be impacted by BCeSIS software.
- 2. Develop a new set of business practices that maximize the effectiveness and efficiency of the BCeSIS.
- 3. Develop a change management plan that will provide the blueprint for moving administrative processes from the old to the new system.
- 4. Examine the databases at all of the pilot schools and compare to the BCeSIS tables to determine:
 - a) Which fields in the existing tables will need to be converted to the BCeSIS tables.
 - b) What data in existing tables will need to be 'cleansed' (specific policy decisions will have to be made at this point regarding data format)
 - c) What data needs to be keyed into the BCeSIS tables that do not currently exist in the legacy tables.
- 5. Develop detailed conversion plan for all schools legacy software or systems and make recommendations as to whether re-entry of information is the most efficient method for each schools (based on school size, years to be converted and completeness and accuracy of data).
- 6. Review all peripheral systems and develop a conversion/integration plan as required.
- 7. Review requirements and procedures for upload of converted data to the provincial database.⁷

14. Next Steps

The next step in this project is to select and appoint a Project Manager to provide more detail to the framework outlined in this business plan. The Project Manager will be tasked to work with the BCeSIS Steering Committee and make some critical decisions about moving this project forward for First Nations schools. Some of the first considerations and actions will be as follows;

- 1. To secure approval of this Business Plan from the FNSA board.
- 2. To make recommendations regarding the proposed Memorandum of Understanding with the Ministry of Education and facilitate the signing.
- 3. To work with the Steering Committee on the selection of pilot schools.
- 4. To work with the Ministry of Education on shared services such as

10

⁷ Cowichan Valley School District 79 BCeSIS Planning and Implementation Report – Page 10 (adapted)

access to T3 Trainers, helpdesk resources and end-user training opportunities.

- 5. To develop a comprehensive project plan in MS Project or similar outlining key milestones and accountabilities.
- 6. To develop a Communications Plan for the selected Pilot schools and wider stakeholders including the FNSA and FNESC Boards, FNESC/FNSA membership and the BC Education Partners group.

15. Summary

The purpose of this Business Plan is to inform the FNSA membership and other stakeholders of the purpose and desired outcomes of the BCeSIS implementation and to provide some framework for the commencement of the project. More detailed project outlines, timelines and accountabilities will be developed by the Project Manager upon appointment.

The FNESC and the FNSA are excited by the potential that BCeSIS has to assist First Nations schools in streamlining administrative procedures, enhancing reporting and data gathering capacity, and providing a common student information system for all BC First Nations schools.